Rubric for Determining Student Eligibility for the Kansas Alternate Assessment (DLM) for Students with a Most Significant Cognitive Disabilities

Student Full Name	Date
School	Date of Birth
Parent(s)/Guardian(s)	Grade
Address	SSID #
City/State/Zip	

This rubric is provided as a companion document to the *DLM Participation Guidelines* to assist Individualized Education Program (IEP) Teams in making appropriate decisions regarding student participation in Kansas's Alternate Assessment for Students with a most significant cognitive disabilities.

IEP Teams must use various data sets in review of a student's eligibility to take the Alternate Assessment which could include but is not limited to:

- Evaluation Team Reports
- Benchmark assessment data
- Diagnostic assessments
- Assistive Technology evaluation
- Speech and Language assessments that determine expressive/receptive language communication status.
- IEP goal/objectives progress data
- Both formative academic and transition assessment data
- Adaptive skills checklists/inventories
- Progress on functional, daily living and life skill standards
- Sensory and/or motor assessments describing access modes of communication, fine and gross motor tasks.

Evidence for the decision to participate in the Alternate Assessment is **NOT BASED** on:

- 1. A disability category or label
- 2. Poor attendance or extended absences
- 3. Native language/social, cultural or economic difference
- 4. Expected poor performance on the general education assessment
- 5. Academic and other services student receives
- 6. Educational environment or instructional setting
- 7. Percent of time receiving special education services
- 8. English Learner (EL) status
- 9. Low reading level/achievement level
- 10. Anticipated disruptive behavior
- 11. Impact of student scores on the accountability system
- 12. Administration decision
- 13. Anticipated emotional duress
- 14. Need for accommodations (e.g., assistive technology/ Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC) to participate in the assessment process

Note: Intelligence quotient (IQ) scores are not a reliable measure to determining eligibility, as many of the assessment tools used to determine IQ are not fully accessible for learners with significant motor, communication and sensory complexities. IQ scores should never be used in isolation to determine eligibility.

Directions: Review a student's IEP and related documents to answer each question. Mark the column that best answers the question. Responses do not all need to be in the far-right column, but **all or most** should be in the 3rd and 4th columns to the right. Only a small number of learners, approximately 1.0 percent across the entire state, should qualify as meeting the criteria for the KS Alternate Assessment which is designed for Students with a most significant cognitive disabilities.

Rubric for Determining Student Eligibility for the DLM Kansas State Department of Education

(Skip question if this is for an I documentation)	nitial IEP. Questions regarding I	EP content should be answered	through supporting		
No. Stop here, the student is assessment	not eligible for alternate	Yes. Continue to question #2.			
deviations below the impairments to a pe	wed provide evidence of a mos e mean as determined by distric rson's ability to reason, plan, so arn from experience)?	ct administered ability assessme	ent, plus significant		
a)Presence of disability but no documentation that a cognitive disability interferes with learning; goals and objectives that are designed to support learners in achieving grade- level skills/standards.	b)Documentation/data shows a wide skill gap in reading and/or mathematics. Need for prescriptive, direct, and systematic instruction is present in the IEP/documentation. (Note: Complex reading and/or math difficulties	C)Evidence that a cognitive disability interferes with learning grade-level skills and concepts. Goals and objectives address grade-level academic skills/concepts through the alternate academic achievement	 d) Evidence that a cognitive disability significantly interferes with learning grade-level skills and concepts. Goals and objectives to support acquisition of expressive/receptive language and communication skills and/or 		
eligible for alternate assessment	does not qualify the learner as having a most significant cognitive disability.)	standards (Essential Elements) or with documented need for significant curriculum modifications	sensory/motor access for active participation and engagement aligned with Alternate Academic Standards (Essential Elements)		
	AAFPs indicate adequate perform ptor that best matches student		ards? If yes, stop here.		
a) Present levels of Academic and Functional Performance (PLAAFP) indicate that the learner's skills are closely aligned with general grade- level standard concepts and skills	b)Student PLAAFPs indicate a level of performance still commensurate with general grade- level concepts but indicating some need for supports and scaffolding.	c)Student PLAAFPs indicate ability to make adequate progress through the <u>most complex alternate</u> <u>standards</u> , with increasing levels of supports and scaffolding, and objectives that include alternate standard skills and concepts or learning progression steps that lead to grade-aligned performance target(s)	d)Student PLAAFPs indicate ability to make progress through alternate standards (Essential Elements) with maximal supports and scaffolding in order to make progress on concepts and skill targets on the <u>least complex</u> side of the range.		
 4. Does the learner data document a significant deficit across many domains of adaptive behaviors? Does the student require systematic, direct instruction of adaptive behavior (an individual's ability to apply social and practical skills in everyday life) skills to be embedded within standards-based instruction? Conceptual skills: receptive and expressive language, reading and writing, money concepts, self-direction Social skills: interpersonal, responsibility, self-esteem, follows rules, obeys laws, is not gullible, and avoids victimization. Practical skills: personal activities of daily living such as eating, dressing, mobility and toileting; instrumental activities of daily living such as preparing meals, taking medication, using the telephone, managing money, using transportation and doing housekeeping activities, occupational skills; maintaining a safe environment. 					
a)NO instruction needed in any of the adaptive skills.	b)General instruction needed in 1 or more domains of adaptive skill, which are covered in district MTSS/PBIS and core instruction initiatives.	c)Systematic, direct instruction needed within 2 or more domains of adaptive skills.	d)Prescriptive, systematic, direct instruction needed across many or all adaptive skills within each domain.		

5. What level of support and instruction do the students' goals and objectives describe? What level of documentation is indicated in the evaluation portion of the goals and objectives?				
a) <u>Statements</u>	b) Statements	c) Statements	d) <u>Statements</u>	
indicate general levels	indicate <u>minimal to</u>	indicate increasing	indicate	
of academic support to	moderate levels of	levels of support to	maximal levels of	
make adequate	support to make	make adequate	<u>support</u> to make	
progress through	adequate progress	progress through	adequate progress	
grade-level standard	through grade-level	grade-level standard	through grade-level	
concepts and skills	standard concepts	concepts and skills	standard concepts and	
	and skills		skills	
Documentation		Documentation		
consists of project	Documentation	consists of project	Documentation consists	
rubrics, work samples,	consists of project	rubrics, work samples,	generally of checklists	
and/or portfolios, etc.	rubrics, work samples,	and/or portfolios, etc.	collected by teacher;	
showing student	and/or portfolios, etc.	showing student's	documentation	
general independence	showing student's	need for increasing	indicates maximal levels	
in academic progress	need for <u>minimal,</u>	levels of continual	of support are needed	
	<u>continual assistance</u> in	assistance in making	to make academic	
	making	academic progress	progress	
_	academic progress			

The IEP Committee used the above evaluation data analysis and discussion to determine:

- The student **DOES** meet the criteria to participate in the Kansas Alternate Assessment (DLM) for students with significant cognitive disabilities.
- The student **DOES NOT** meet the criteria to participate in the Kansas Alternate Assessment (DLM) for students with significant cognitive disabilities.

 Parent/Guardian
 Parent/Guardian
 Administrator/Designee/Chairperson
 General Education Teacher
 Special Education Teacher
Other

NOTE: If this report does not represent an individual team member's conclusions, that team member must submit a separate statement presenting the member's conclusions.